Key Learning in Mathematics – Year 1

Number – number and place value Number – addition and subtraction Number – multiplication and division Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1. Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), Recall and use doubles of all numbers to 10 and corresponding halves or from any given number subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by • Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations • Read and write numbers to 100 in numerals • Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero and arrays with the support of the teacher • Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words (using concrete objects and pictorial representations) • Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using Begin to recognise the place value of numbers beyond 20 (tens and ones) Measurement concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial Measure and begin to record: representations including the number line problems such as $7 = \square - 9$ - lengths and heights, using non-standard and then manageable • Use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least standard units (m/cm) • Given a number, identify one more and one less - mass/weight, using non-standard and then manageable standard Recognise and create repeating patterns with numbers, objects and units (kg/g) - capacity and volume using non-standard and then manageable • Identify odd and even numbers linked to counting in twos from 0 standard units (litres/ml) and 1 - time (hours/minutes/seconds) • Solve problems and practical problems involving all of the above within children's range of counting competence Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: - lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) - mass/weight (for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than) **Number – fractions** Geometry – properties of shapes - capacity and volume (for example, full/empty, more than, less than, • Understand that a fraction can describe part of a whole • Recognise and name common 2-D shapes, including rectangles (including half, half full, quarter) • Understand that a unit fraction represents one equal part of a whole squares), circles and triangles - time (for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later) • Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object Recognise and name common 3-D shapes, including cuboids (including Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, shape or quantity (including measure) cubes), pyramids and spheres weeks, months and years • Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an · Sequence events in chronological order using language (for example, object, shape or quantity (including measure) before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, **Geometry – position and direction** afternoon and evening • Describe movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter • Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times Recognise and create repeating patterns with objects and shapes Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and Describe position and direction notes **Statistics** • Sort objects, numbers and shapes to a given criterion and their own • Present and interpret data in block diagrams using practical equipment • Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category Ask and answer questions by comparing categorical data